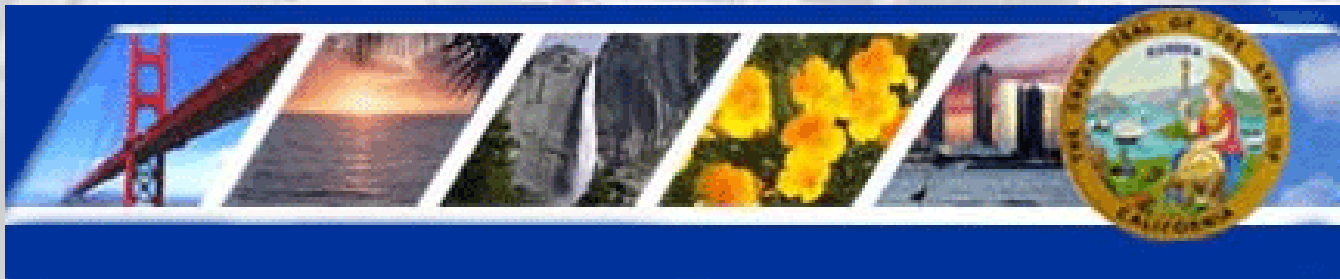




# Intelligent Vehicles and Roads: the VII Program and the SafeTrip-21 Initiative

Greg Larson

Division of Research and Innovation  
California Department of Transportation



*Caltrans Improves Mobility Across California*



# Outline of the Presentation

- What is Vehicle-Infrastructure Integration (VII)?
- What is SafeTrip-21?
- The Mobile Millennium Project
- The Networked Traveler Project



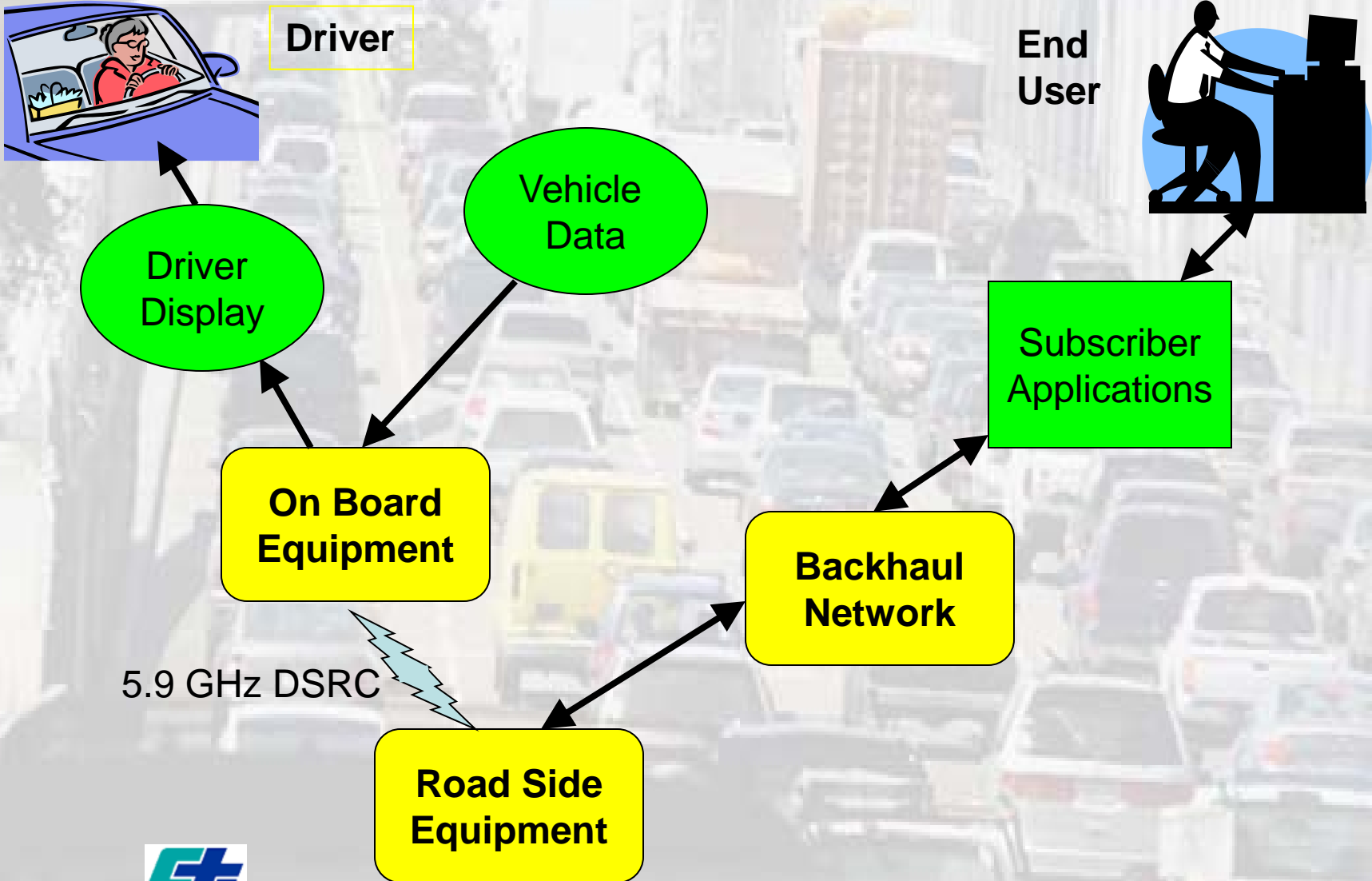
# What is VII?

## Basic Concept:

- All new vehicles will be equipped with DSRC radios at 5.9GHz, and GPS receivers.
- A nationwide, roadway-based communications network will be created.
- Wireless data will be exchanged between the vehicles and the roadside.
- A “Backhaul” network will transport this roadside data to/from a central location.



# Simple VII Block Diagram





# Scope of VII

- 15 Million new vehicles every year will have VII installed by the manufacturer
- A Nationwide Communications Infrastructure
  - A network of 250,000 “Hot Spots” (Similar to Wi-Fi)
  - Interstate & Urban Freeways -- 55,000 miles
  - Major Rural Roads -- 100,000 miles
  - 454 Largest Urbanized areas with Pop. > 50,000
  - Will Serve 70% of Total US Population
- A set of national VII standards for interoperability will be developed



# Examples of VII Applications



- Safety
  - **Intersection Collision Avoidance**
  - **Roadway Departure Warning**
  - **Emergency Brake Lights**
  - **Cooperative Forward Collision Warning**
  - **Rail Crossing Warning**
  - **Emergency Vehicle Signal Preemption**
- Mobility
  - **In Vehicle Signage**
  - **Traffic Signal Control**
  - **Ramp Metering**
  - **Winter Maintenance**
  - **Traveler Information**
  - **Electronic Toll Collection**
- Consumer & Commercial
  - **Drive-Through Payment**
  - **Remote Diagnostics**
  - **Customer Relations Management**







## A Change in Strategy

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- Previous approach
  - Deployment decision by OEMs, US DOT, state transportations agencies in 2010 with synchronized deployments beginning around 2012
  - Key technology for vehicle to infrastructure communications was Dedicated Short Range Communications (DSRC)
  - Expectation that the infrastructure build out could be substantially funded by the Federal government
- Current approach
  - Open up the architecture to allow for non-DSRC technology
  - Work with aftermarket suppliers to enable VII capabilities sooner
  - Demonstrate a subset of capabilities that VII can provide in a few, high concentration operational test sites
  - Support growth in geographic coverage and functionality over time
  - Leverage new technologies and private industry developments
  - Learn from related state and university research

# SafeTrip-21 is Phase I of the redefined USDOT VII Program



SafeTrip-21 embraces traditional VII concepts with a new emphasis on:

- Near term possibilities
- DSRC alternatives
- Consumer electronics
- Intermodal integration
- Energy / Environment



# SafeTrip-21: New Horizon



- Accelerate VII research into “real-world” experience
- Emphasize near-term VII possibilities that don’t require extensive “build-out”
  - Deliver VII benefits through consumer electronics (quickly, cheaply)
  - Exploit existing communications technologies as pathways to DSRC
- Expose travelers and decision makers to VII benefits in terms of:
  - Safety improvement
  - Congestion mitigation
  - Motor freight operations
  - E-Payment convenience
  - Energy conservation
  - Environmental footprint
- Obtain real world perspectives on VII plans/deployment strategies

# SafeTrip-21 Components



## ▪ **Information Gathering**

- ITS America / industry representatives
- Transportation and transit agencies
- University Transportation Centers
- VII research groups / sites
- Request for Information

## ▪ **Field Test and Evaluation**

- ITS World Congress Launch
- Year-long test and evaluation
- Interim findings throughout 2009
- Summary Results - January 2010

## ▪ **Business Model Assessment**



# Initial Projects

- “Mobile Millennium”
  - Builds upon the success of the “Mobile Century” Experiment
  - Relies on a “Private Sector” business model
  - Public Sector becomes just another consumer of the traffic data
- “Networked Traveler”
  - A “Gateway” connects the consumer mobile device in the vehicle to roadside infrastructure
  - The Gateway enables new transit services too
    - Several transit agencies are very interested in these services
  - The Public Sector seeks to be the catalyst in triggering additional Private Sector development

# Public-Private Partnership



- Public Partners
  - USDOT
  - Caltrans
  - Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC)
  - Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority (VTA)
  - San Mateo County Transit District (SamTrans)
- Private Partners
  - Nokia
  - NAVTEQ
  - Nissan
- Academic Partners
  - California Center for Innovative Transportation (CCIT)
  - Partners for Advanced Transit and Highways (PATH)



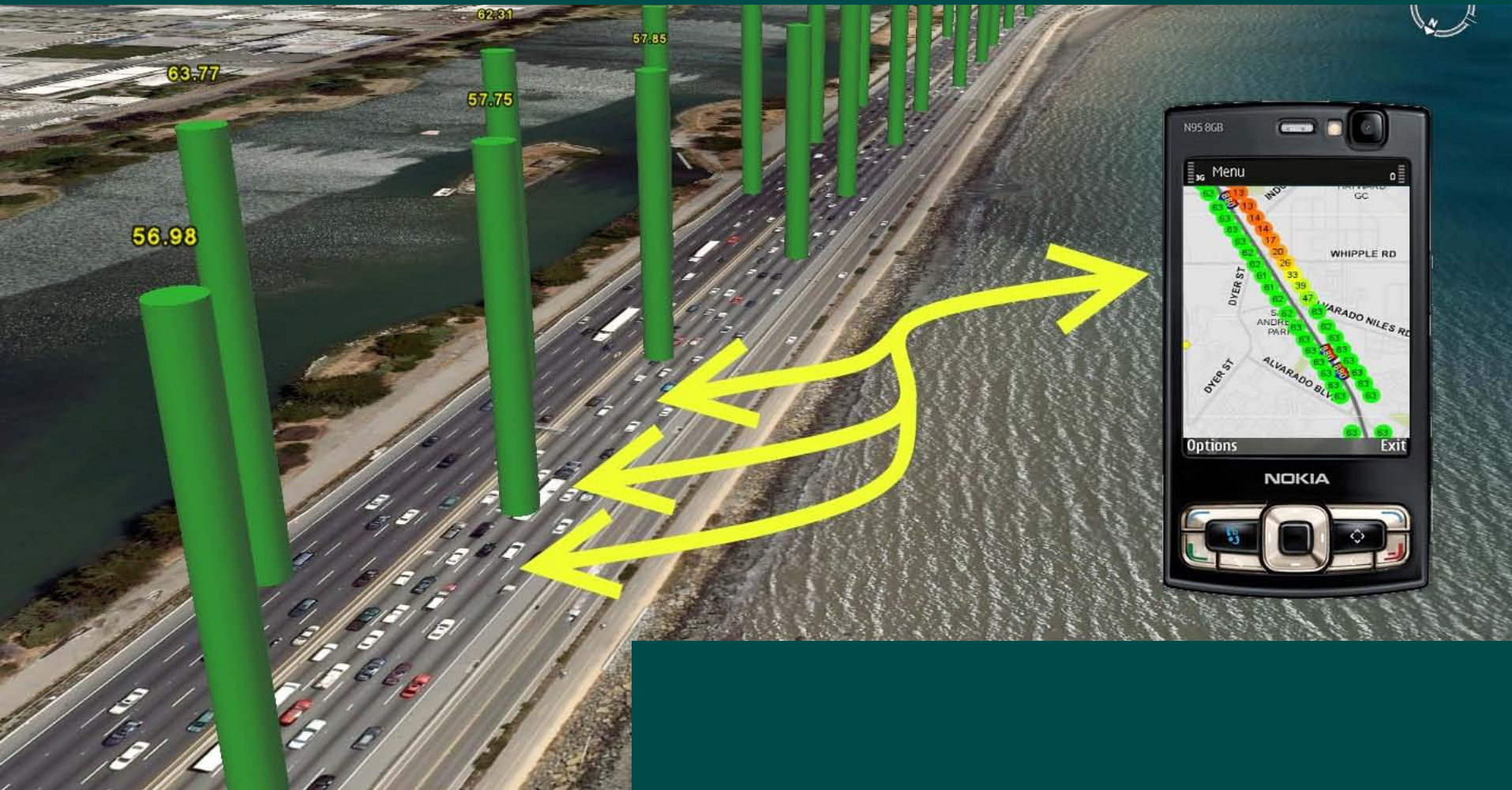
# Budget

## **Total Project Budget: \$12.4 million**

- Federal Share: \$2.9 million
- Caltrans Share: \$4.2 million
- Nokia Share: \$2.5 million
- NAVTEQ Share: \$2.0 million
- UC Berkeley Share: \$700 thousand
- Nissan Share: \$30 thousand



# *Mobile Millennium: mobility tracking using cellular phones*

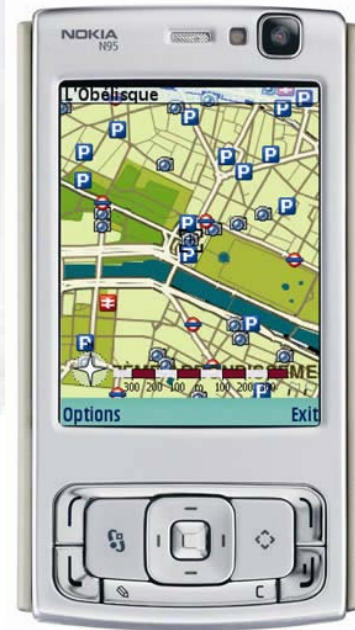




# Convergence of multimedia, sensing and communication



- **N95 is a good example of the convergence of multimedia, sensing, and communication platforms**
  - **GPS**
  - **MP3 and movie player**
  - **Multiple sensors (accelerometers, tiltmeter, light)**
  - **Radio, wireless, Bluetooth, various ports, infrared, etc.**
  - **5 megapixel camera**
- **Smart phones enable:**
  - **Location based services**
  - **Situational awareness**
  - **Mobility tracking**
- **Ubiquitous Sensing Platform (Nokia)**
  - **3 billion mobile devices by 2009**
  - **1.5 million devices per day**



# Mobile Millennium



- **Project Description**

- For a six-month period, equip thousands of cars on a roadway network, including arterials
- Participating drivers agree to share position and speed data
- Collect unprecedented traffic data, covering 500+ miles of freeway and arterials
  - Demonstrate the added value of this traffic data on freeways, and especially on arterials that are not currently monitored
- Drivers receive real-time traveler information through a map application on their phone
- Demonstrate privacy protection
- Mobile Millennium is the precursor to a real, mainstream product

- **SafeTrip-21 Demos**

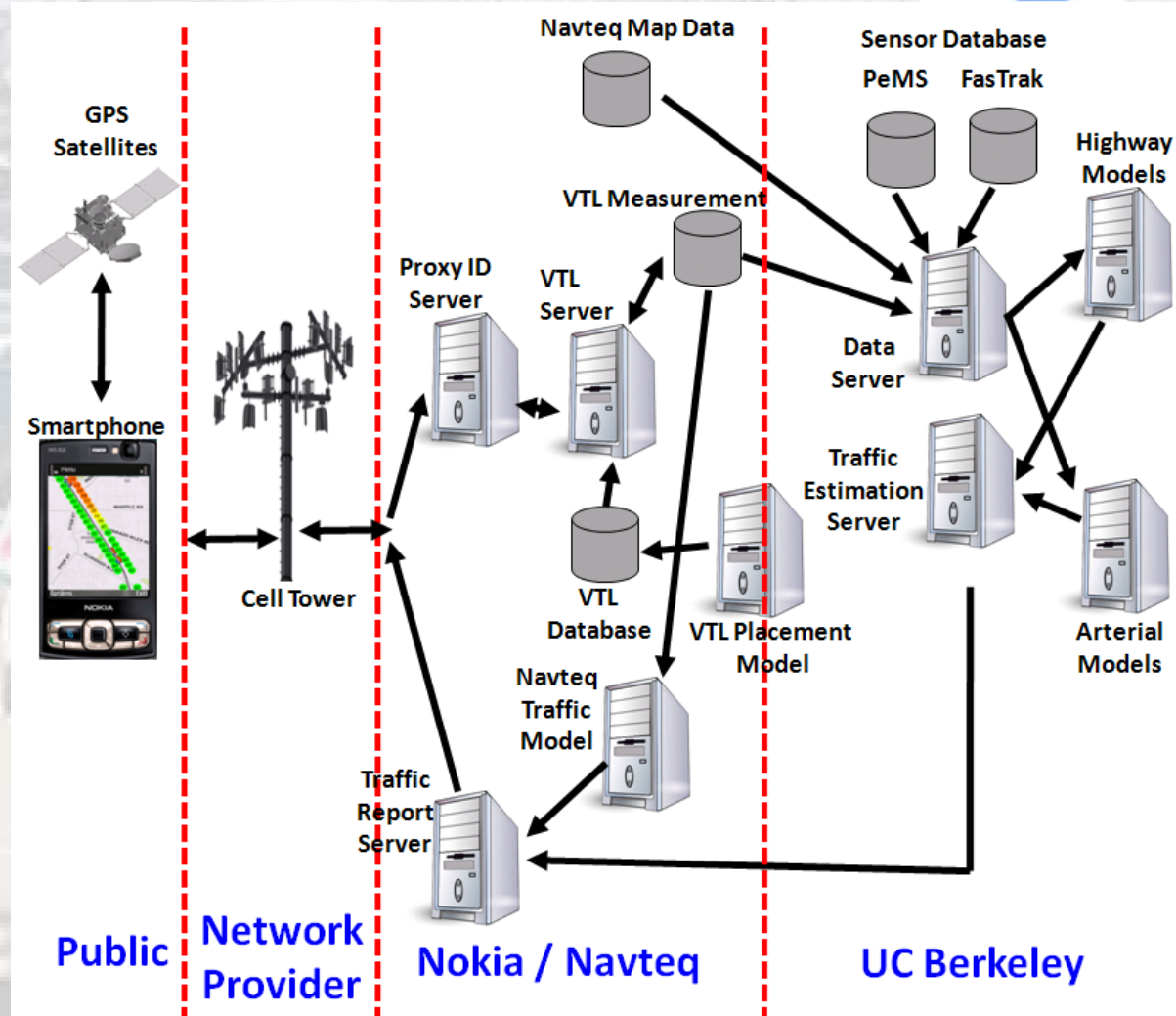
- ITS World Congress: Live broadcast of Mobile Millennium capabilities, and [tentative] subset of Mobile Millennium technology directly showcased for New York arterial network.

# Architecture for global traffic monitoring



- Architecture for global traffic monitoring

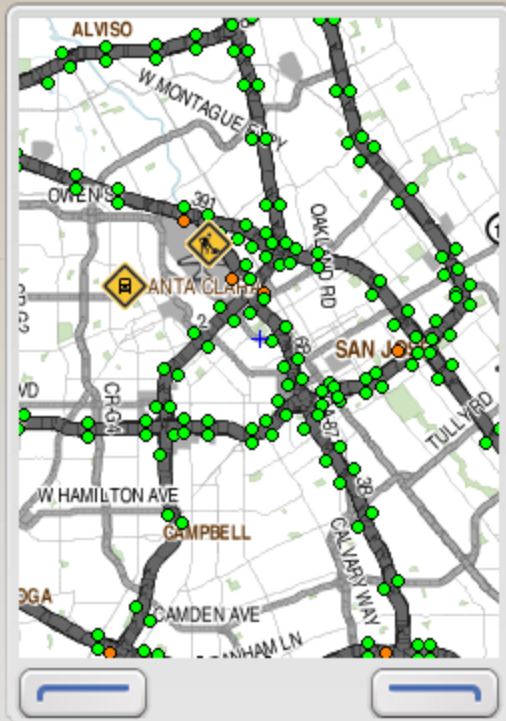
- Public (phones)
- Network provider
- Nokia / Navteq
  - Data collection
  - Traffic.com
  - Historical data
  - Maps
- UC Berkeley
  - Highway traffic models
  - Arterial traffic models
  - Travel time, congestion, weather, accidents...







# Software client on the phone



http://traffic.berkeley.edu



- **Mobile Millennium website**
  - Presentation of the project
  - Background material
  - Videos (previous experiments)
  - Media report (more than 100 entries)
    - CBS, NBC, ABC, CNET, BBC...
    - NPR, KGBO
    - Chicago Tribune, LA Times, San Francisco Chronicle, San Jose Mercury News.
    - More than 100 web outlets.
  - Team, milestones, contact
- **Upcoming**
  - Live data feed
  - Software upload

The screenshot shows the Mobile Millennium website with a dark blue header. The header includes the ET logo, the text 'Mobile Millennium', and navigation links for 'The project', 'News', 'Contact us', and 'Partners'. Below the header is a banner image of people working at computers. The main content area features a section titled 'What is the Mobile Millennium project?' with a small image of cars and a link to 'More about the experiment'. To the right are two yellow boxes: 'Announcements' with a link to 'Cutting-Edge Wireless Traffic Technology Wins Support from Feds' and 'Would you like to volunteer?' with a link to 'How do GPS phones work?'. Below this is a section for 'Previous experiment success: Mobile Century' with a link to 'The Mobile Millennium project is a large-scale follow up of our first field test on February 8, 2008, known as Mobile Century.' This is followed by a large image of a bridge with many red cars. Below the image is a video player for 'Video: Nokia Traffic Watch' showing a busy street at night with many cars. The video player has a progress bar and a 'BLP.TV' logo.



# Networked Traveler



- **Provide real-time traveler information for safety, multi-modal mobility, parking, etc.**
- **Services can be easily downloaded from a web site into a “smart” mobile device**
- **Gateway uses multiple communications modes, such as cell phone network, Wi-Fi, and DSRC, to connect the traveler to the information**
- **Independent of vehicle type**

# Multi-Network Multi-Device

I want some safety alerts.  
Hmm... I want a lot of  
transit connection  
information, too.



Browser based

[www.connected-traveler.org/tellmeaboutmytrip](http://www.connected-traveler.org/tellmeaboutmytrip)  
[www.connected-traveler.org/tellmeabouttheroad](http://www.connected-traveler.org/tellmeabouttheroad)  
[www.connected-traveler.org/watchoutforme](http://www.connected-traveler.org/watchoutforme)



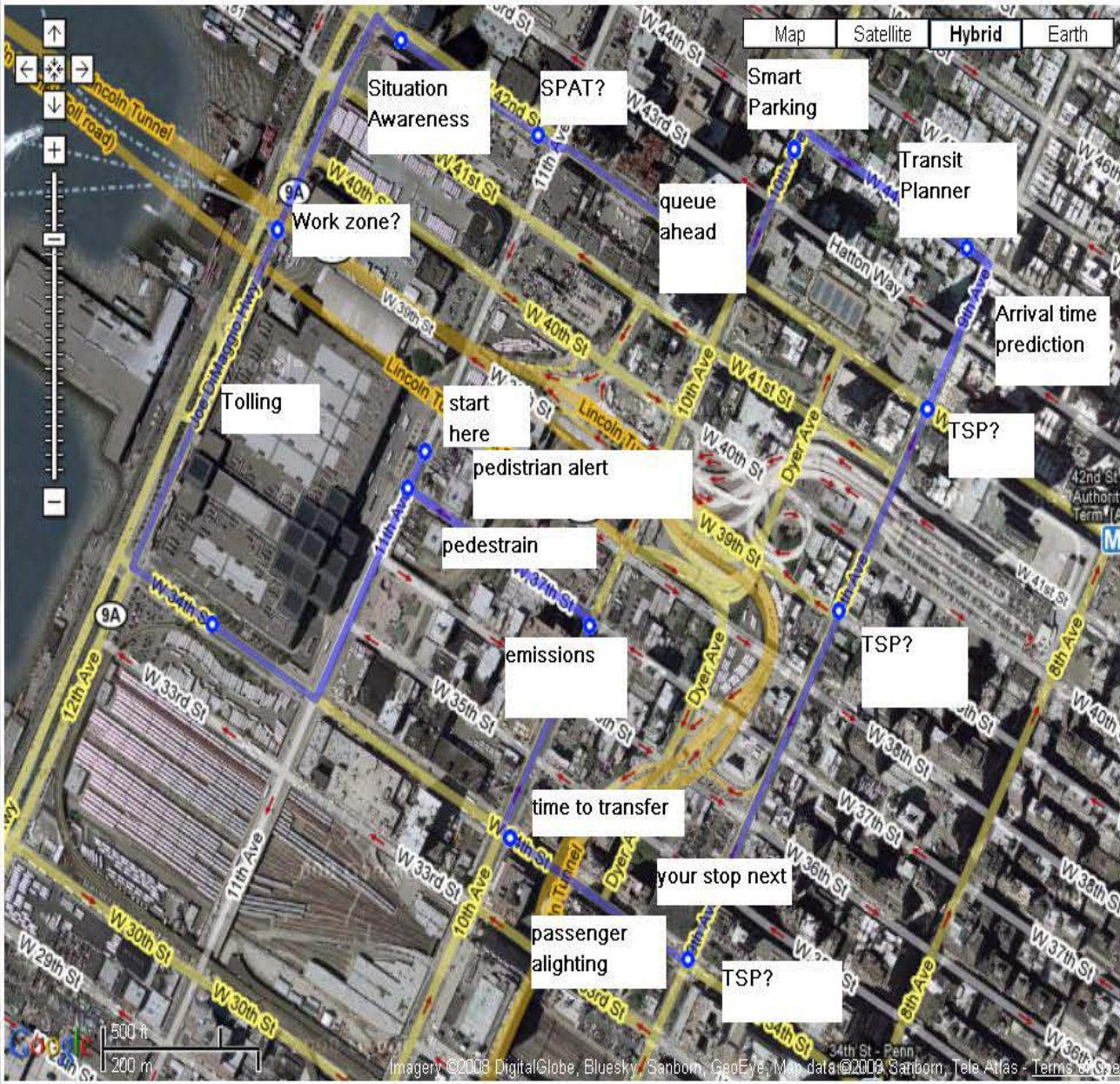
# Networked Traveler Services



## *Will be demonstrated in NYC*

- **Tell me about my trip**
  - *Trip Planner (cell phone with Internet connectivity; multimodal services)*
  - *Dynamic Route Advisory*
- **Tell me about the road**
  - *Traffic Signal Countdown (as a safety and information enabler)*
  - *Public Signage – Situational Awareness*
  - *Pedestrian Assistant (location and other apps)*
- **Watch out for me!**
  - *Heartbeat/watch out for me (confederate driver near the bus; situational awareness, left/right?)*
  - *Pedestrian Assistant (safety apps)*
- **System Operator / Agency Applications**
  - *Transit Signal Priority (LCD on bus with signal phase countdown)*
  - *Dynamic Passenger Information (On-board display, arrival countdown, and bus station, arrival time)*





Marker	Latitude	Longitude	Distance
11th Ave	40.758020	-74.000330	0
W 34th St	40.756450	-74.003580	439
12th Ave/RT-9A	40.760040	-74.002580	507
W 42nd St	40.761760	-74.000680	289
W 42nd St	40.760890	-73.998580	202
W 42nd St	40.759730	-73.995710	276
10th Ave	40.760760	-73.994660	166
W 44th St	40.759870	-73.992020	265
9th Ave	40.758410	-73.992620	200
9th Ave	40.756571	-73.993971	234
9th Ave	40.753420	-73.996280	402
W 34th St	40.754530	-73.999010	266
10th Ave	40.756440	-73.997800	249
W 37th St	40.757690	-74.000580	279



# Traffic Collisions Per Square Mile

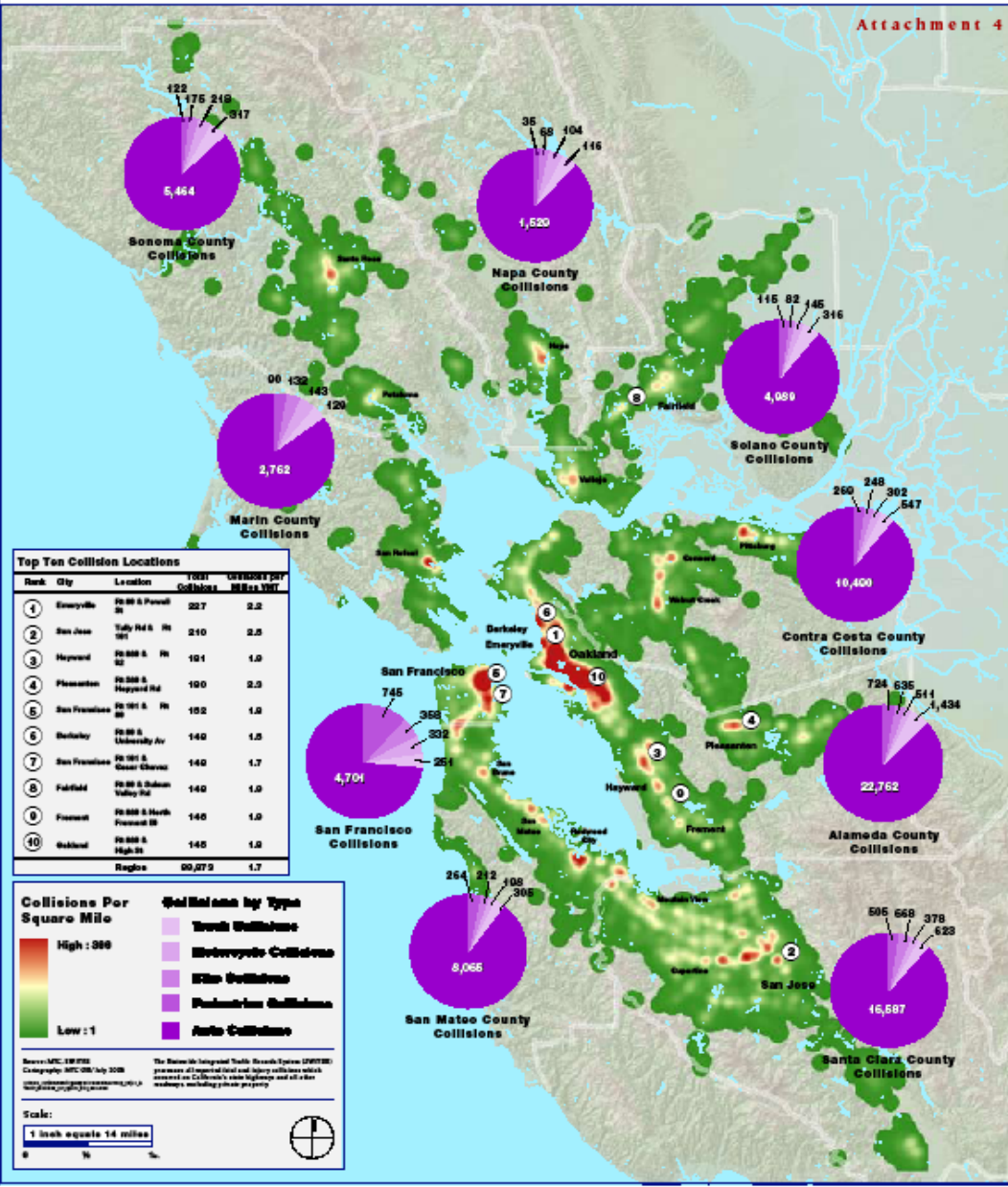
Metropolitan Transportation Commission  
 Planning, Financing and Coordinating  
 Transportation for the nine-county  
 San Francisco Bay Area

Research and Demographic Unit

Map of the Month: July 2008

Geographic Information Systems Unit

Attachment 4



# Networked Traveler

*Next Year.*

Field Test and Evaluation of Safety (Situational Awareness) and Mobility Applications in the San Francisco Bay Area



# Thank You!

Please refer to:  
[viicalifornia.org](http://viicalifornia.org)



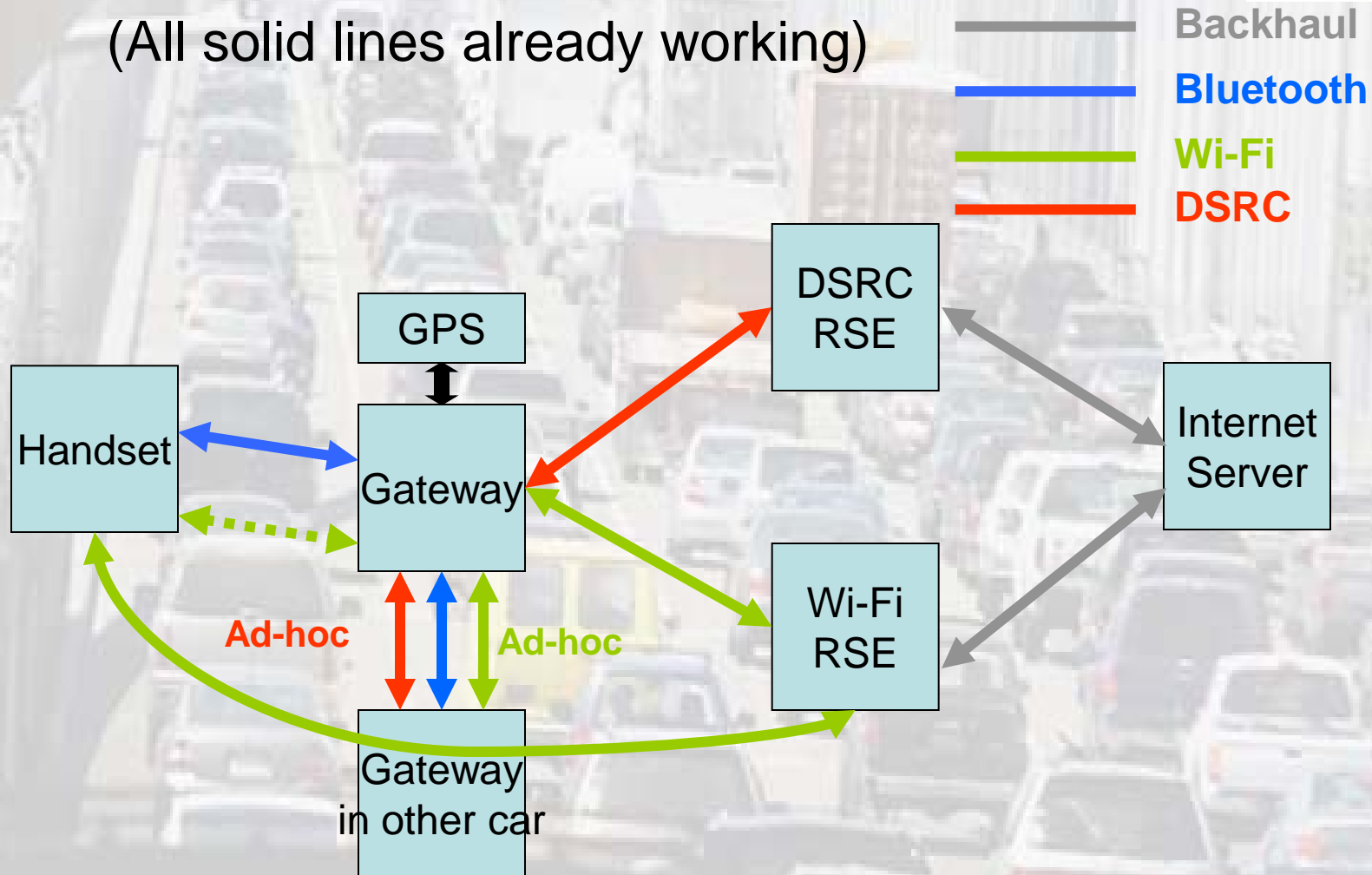
*Caltrans Improves Mobility Across California*



# Multi-Network



(All solid lines already working)





# Multi-Network Gateway

- Gateway has Wi-Fi and DSRC radio interfaces
- Also has Bluetooth interface to cell phones

